Date 24 July 2017

Response to East Cheshire Council’s consultation on the proposed reduction of subsidy for buses.

Summary of main points of the response:

- Bus travel accounts for nearly two thirds of public transport journeys but does not receive a proportionate public sector investment.
- Bus services are essential to enable people to access education, employment and vital services.
- Community Transport (in various forms) will not be able to bridge all the gaps which would be caused by the proposed reduction in bus subsidies.
- Avoidance of social exclusion reduces the burden on local health and social services and buses are key to this.
- Vulnerable people will be particularly badly affected by the proposals, especially young people, the elderly and disabled people of all ages.
- Home to school transport costs could be cut by the provision of subsidies to appropriate bus services.
- The effect of such cuts on the local economy, congestion and integrated transport options should not be underestimated.
- The contribution of the bus to the working of the economy and society is multi-faceted. The bus is not simply a transport mode – it is far more than that.
- Bus Users UK would urge the council to consider the requirements of Section 63 of the 1985 Transport Act to provide ‘socially necessary’ buses by reallocating a proportion of their budget to subsidise bus services in order to meet these needs.
- Bus Users UK would also urge the council to assess whether the proposed cuts would contravene their duties under the Equality Act 2010.

Bus Users has gained knowledge and insight through talking to East Cheshire Council bus users regarding the effects of the loss of bus services on some communities and would be happy to share this learning with East Cheshire Council officers and offer some advice on how best to mitigate the effects of the proposed cuts.

Whilst Bus Users is aware that East Cheshire Council is using this consultation to plan for the future, we hope that the local authority will also be conscious of any changes to the commercial network in the meantime. Furthermore, changes to schools admissions procedures, permissions granted for new developments, changes to hospital specialisms and so on will all need to factor in public transport options.

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1 Transport Statistics Great Britain
Who we are
Bus Users UK champions the interests of bus and coach passengers throughout Britain and is the official body to oversee bus users’ complaints in England (outside London) Wales and Scotland under the EU Passenger Rights Regulations.

Replace with:
Who we are
Bus Users UK is an independent, non-profit group which champions the interests of bus and coach users and campaigns for better bus and coach services.

We are an approved Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR) Body for bus and coach passengers and the body which deals with complaints under the European Passenger Rights Regulation (outside London).

Passengers understand that East Cheshire Council, like every local authority, is required to make substantial savings in the current climate. However, it should be noted that bus travel accounts for nearly two thirds of public transport journeys but does not receive a proportionate public sector investment.

Prioritising savings is always going to be a difficult job. But when deciding those priorities it needs to be considered that bus services are not simply a dispensable luxury. You have acknowledged that bus services are essential to enable people, including those on low incomes and with disabilities, to:
- Access employment
- Access education
- Access health services
- Access shops as both a necessity and a social activity
- Avoid isolation and social exclusion
- Enjoy a greater degree of well-being

The first three of those requirements are always at the top of local authority spending priorities and removing subsidised bus services risks people losing access to those essential services and can result in an increase in the demands on other council-provided services, such as adult social care support.

Bus services can access shopping centres in an environmentally-friendly and more effective way than the private car, and bus users contribute to the high street economy in a way which is often underestimated. Removing access to bus services and thereby denying access to local retail centres to people without private transport is likely to stifle economic growth.

Even for those able to afford to run a car, bus services can provide an alternative which is sustainable and can provide better access to town centres, alleviating congestion at peak times and on minor or busy roads.

Impact of proposals on access to Education & Employment
Home to school transport is one of the biggest parts of a local authority’s transport budget and we welcome any proposal to open up school transport services to the wider community. However, it should be noted that this alone may not provide a secure and consistent enough option for passengers in rural communities to use to access work, unless they are employees of a local school.

We urge you to consider ways to lengthen the time available for the buses to run services, so that

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2 Transport Statistics Great Britain
more people can use the bus and create a commercial need to run limited services in school holidays.

Young people reliant on home to school transport cannot take part in extra-curricular activities and cannot therefore broaden their horizons as easily as their urban counterparts. These extra-curricular activities will often make a difference to an employer when noted on a personal statement or CV.

Entry level jobs tend to involve unsocial hours and weekend travel so anything which would impact on people’s ability to access employment needs careful consideration if it is not to have a damaging impact on the ability of employers to find and retain local staff. This means that the apparently simple step of cutting evening and weekend bus services is often causing harm to those most in need.

Whilst you have had some success in encouraging operators to take on services which were previously deemed uncommercial we would strongly encourage you to keep a close eye on the continuance of these services, so communities do not become cut off.

**Impact of proposals on access to Health and Social Care services**

Decreasing access to buses will increase the burden on other parts of the council’s budgets such as social services which will have to deal with more cases of depression and anxiety. Access to community groups provides help and support upon which the NHS and social services currently rely and the removal of that access would cause additional burdens on child and adult social care budgets.

If the proposals were to proceed as suggested, many residents would struggle to attend medical appointments due to the lack of appropriate bus services. The “Later life in rural England” report by Age UK is a wide-ranging assessment of the challenges facing older people living in rural areas, with lack of transport identified as a major issue given that 35% of older households do not have access to a car. The transport chapter highlights the importance of regular, convenient and reliable bus services to the lives of older people and identifies reductions in service as a serious concern, impacting on all aspects of their lives. It calls on local authorities to recognise the wider value of bus services in preventing social isolation and to base funding decisions on impact assessments and not simply on costs and the number of people using a service. Many of East Cheshire’s residents are sent to Leighton and Stoke hospital particularly from the Sandbach area and are hugely concerned about the proposed changes as they will no longer have services to those hospitals.

If services are lost many of those individual will be looking for alternatives including the Little Bus. While community transport can make an excellent contribution to the overall provision of services, they cannot replace a regular service. Many such options are limited by eligibility criteria, range, times and availability of volunteers. While community transport and DRT schemes can make a valuable contribution to the overall transport plan, they cannot be expected to meet all the needs of residents, whether to make an onward travel connection, to get to a large town or city, to visit relatives in care or to attend a medical appointment.

Alongside being forced to try and use the Little Bus to make hospital appointments, under your proposals, holders of concessionary passes could also be asked to pay £3 for their journey, when previously they paid nothing.

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Reliance on Community Transport

Solutions involving community transport, or using taxis, demand-responsive transport and so on to reduce the cost of individual journeys to more remote locations, can be non-inclusive. Many of the community transport schemes already in use across the country operate under Section 19 permits which limits their use just to members of the scheme. Use of Section 22 permits enables community transport to benefit the whole community and to enable people to make journeys spontaneously. This may well reduce the cost savings somewhat but will give greater benefit. Greater value could also be attached to bus services in some parts of the county by effective marketing; many of the routes affected are scenic and could be attractive for leisure travel if properly marketed.

Our research suggests that more people would like to see more money provided to local bus routes rather than encouraging reliance on community transport which is perceived as far less convenient and does not go where people necessarily want to travel. Community Transport removes the ‘impulse purchase’ element of bus services and implies that everyone is able to plan their lives at least 24 hours ahead (in some cases three days in advance). This particularly impacts on those living with or caring for someone with progressive illnesses or mental health issues whose ability to go out cannot be taken for granted from one day to the next. There are also concerns that, should more bus services be removed, such services would not be able to deal with the demands.

Passengers with learning disabilities or dementia will struggle to remember to book a service ahead and, having done so, may not be relied upon to remember the booking on the correct day. Removing regular bus services takes away the routine which many people have worked hard to learn as part of travel training.

Impact of proposals on local economy

Most bus users use the bus to access shops both to purchase goods and to meet friends. Reducing services will inevitably reduce the number of customers visiting the shops and will have a far-reaching effect on the economies of those communities but also the livelihood of the traders.

Removing bus services will also prevent people from attending cultural and social events, particularly as some of the funding for later bus services is being proposed for removal. The impact on theatres and cinemas in smaller communities and even city centre environments will be far-reaching. Many people have stated that, whilst they may be able to get to evening events, they will not be able to get home and the cost of a taxi makes the evening prohibitively expensive.

The “Buses and the Economy II” report of in July 2014, commissioned by Greener Journeys and the DfT, states that:

- There is a significant relationship between accessibility by bus and employment.
- People in urban areas who are currently unemployed and seeking work depend heavily on the bus for access to employment.
- The bus is a vital artery for shopping trips. Bus has the largest market share of retail/expenditure trips to city centres.
- The bus has an important social insurance dimension. This is the value placed on having the option available of using the bus, plus any social or community value buses have on behalf of others.
Environmental impact
The National Planning Policy Framework\(^4\) states that transport policies have an important role to play in facilitating sustainable development but also in contributing to wider sustainability and health objectives. The transport system needs to be balanced in favour of sustainable transport modes, giving people a real choice about how they travel. Encouragement should be given to solutions which support reductions in greenhouse gas emissions and reduce congestion.

The “Creating Growth, Cutting Carbon”\(^5\) white paper recommends offering people sustainable transport choices, that will stimulate behavioural change. The Door to Door Strategy\(^6\) builds this by setting out the Government’s vision for an integrated transport system that works for everyone and makes journeys by a sustainable means an attractive option. The stated benefits of this are explained as:

- Protecting the environment- by increasing the use of sustainable transport to help cut carbon emissions and improve air quality.
- Boosting economic growth – by improving connectivity and interchange and cutting congestion to help link businesses and markets
- Supporting society – by providing a well-connected and accessible transport system that is safe and secure to help improve public health and the quality of life
- Deliver a good deal for the traveller - by integrating the door-to-door journey as a whole to help make travel more reliable and affordable.

Buses offer a clean, green, flexible, accessible and affordable means of making the county’s transport plan sustainable and environmentally-friendly and could aid the achievement of environmental and sustainability targets.

Impact of proposals on the future sustainable growth of public transport
Bus use is highest amongst those aged 17-20 and 60+. Bus Users UK would like to see young people wanting to continue to use the bus longer term rather than automatically considering a driving licence as soon as they can. Furthermore, Bus Users UK would like to encourage local authorities to implement schemes to encourage young people to use the bus, such as the young person’s discount and discounts for those in full time education.

The Equality Act 2010
From 5 April 2011, s.149 of the Equality Act 2010 extended the duty of authorities in respect of people suffering any of the “protected characteristics” of age, disability, gender reassignment, marriage and civil partnership, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion or belief, sex, sexual orientation - to any “public authority”. The Act requires that every public authority must, in the exercise of its functions, have due regard to the need to “remove or minimise disadvantages suffered by people who share a relevant protected characteristic” and to “encourage people who share a relevant protected characteristic to participate in public life or in any other activity in which participation by such people is disproportionately low”.

It would be difficult to see how the proposed reduction of bus service subsidies would not contradict the requirements of this Act.

**Sample comments from our research**

- I live in Sandbach, have Cerebral Palsy totally dependent on bus service, and have shared care between UHNS (Stoke hospital) and Leighton. I will be totally ‘stuffed’ if changes to bus services take place. Just bought a house and had it adapted to suit my needs to allow me to live as independently as possible. Have my own micro environment, nice garden, canal at bottom - gate onto tow path allows me to go fishing, able to look after my garden plus try to be as self-caring as possible. If bus service lost, will have to sell house and find alternative accommodation, where I may not be able to live as independently as I currently am living independently.

- I live in Sandbach, work as Advanced Practitioner in Cardiology. I use service 78 daily to get to and from work at Leighton, working all days, pulling the service will add more stress to my daily working life. Pulling the service goes against Government thinking. This action will just make people think to buy a car (more stress if having to have a loan to purchase vehicle) We need to invest into public transport to encourage better / greater use and make better networks work for those who already use it but also to encourage more to use.

- I live in Sandbach come to Leighton for outpatient appts. The bus is my lifeline.

- Use service 12 daily – Shavington. I will be lost if this valuable service lost or changed. I’m 85 yrs of age and would lose my independence.

- Service 32 Warmingham village there will be no services to get workers from the village to Sanbach rail station. Service currently well used, people work in Congleton, or places up line to Manchester.

- How are the Council able to charge concessionary pass holders to use the Little Bus and do they intend to cover lost routes with the service if they are reducing the number of Little Buses?

**PLEASE NOTE:** Bus Users would be happy to discuss our findings and share our research with East Cheshire Council officers and, if requested, offer some advice on how best to mitigate the effects of any cuts that do go ahead.

**FURTHER INFORMATION**

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